

Clarification to the Reliability Must Run Designation Process Straw Proposal

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Stakeholder Call

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Housekeeping reminders

- This call is being recorded for informational and convenience purposes only. Any related transcriptions should not be reprinted without ISO's permission.
- Meeting is structured to stimulate dialogue and engage different perspectives.
- Please keep comments professional and respectful.
- Please try and be brief and refrain from repeating what has already been said so that we can manage the time efficiently.

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- You may also send your question via chat to the meeting host – Isabella Nicosia.



CAISO Policy Initiative Stakeholder Process





We are here

Agenda

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- Process in order to allow resource re-power
- Open Discussion
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Introduction and Background:

- During the July Board meeting, the ISO proposed and the Board approved Reliability Must Run designation for Agnews Power Plant for local reliability reasons as described in the 2022 Local Capacity Technical study.
- Tariff section 41.2 "Reliability Studies and Determination of RMR Status" specifies that in addition to the Local Capacity Technical Study under 40.3.1, the ISO may perform additional technical studies, as necessary, to ensure generators are retained for compliance with Reliability Criteria.
- PG&E and Cal-CCA pointed out that the Tariff and Reliability
 Requirements BPM are not clear if local or system are considered
 the primary Reliability Must Run (RMR) designation when both
 local and system wide reliability needs exist.
- At the Board direction, the ISO is opening a stakeholder process in order to clarify the primary reliability need.



Purpose of stakeholder initiative

- The purpose of this initiative is to clarify the Reliability Must Run (RMR) designation type (local or system) when more than one reliability reason for designation exists.
- The reliability need triggers the cost allocation as well as the resource adequacy credits allocation of the Reliability Must Run contract.
 - Per ISO Tariff section 41.9 "the ISO will allocate Reliability Must-Run costs not recovered through market revenues to the Scheduling Coordinators for Load-Serving Entities that serve load in the TAC Area(s) in which the need for the RMR Contract arose".
 - Per ISO Tariff section 41.8 "the ISO will provide Resource Adequacy credits to the Scheduling Coordinators of Load-Serving Entities that serve load in the applicable TAC Area(s) in which the need for the RMR Contract arose equal to the Load-Serving Entity's pro rata share of the eligible net qualifying capacity of the RMR Resource".



Stakeholder Comments regarding the Issue Paper

- After the August 17 stakeholder call regarding the Issue Paper the ISO has received 6 sets of stakeholder comments (some on behalf of multiple stakeholders).
- Stakeholders have provided mixed responses:
 - 2 align with local first
 - 2 align with hybrid
 - 2 addressing other issues
- Generally stakeholders would like additional details regarding the RMR designation process.



Principles:

Cost-Causation:

- ISO can designate RMR for a single reliability need (local or system)
- When both reliability needs are present one of them can be considered primary without distorting the cost-causation principle
- Numbers of hours of expected need for ratepayer benefit:
 - Local usually high (tens-hundreds-thousands) of hours
 - Hybrid N/A (generally high for local, low for system)
 - System usually low (tens) of hours



Principles (cont):

Allocate costs in a manner that reflects benefits received

- All LSEs paying for the RMR contract receive RA credits (local, system and flex)
- Are the RA credits received by paying LSEs useful to them?
 - Local yes, all credits are useful
 - Hybrid partial, most LSEs will not be able to use the local RA credit
 - System partial, most LSEs will not be able to use the local RA credit
- Value of RA credits from public RA reports (CPUC):
 - Local Premium
 - Hybrid Premium for some LSEs, average for other LSEs
 - System Average



Proper incentives:

- Participating Transmission Owners (PTOs) incentive to build:
 - Highest when local need is considered first
 - Medium when hybrid allocation is used
 - Lowest when system need is considered first
- Load Serving Entities (LSEs) incentive to procure:
 - Highest when local need is considered first
 - Medium when hybrid allocation is used
 - Lowest when system need is considered first



Other issues:

- Requires Oakland's legacy RMR contract conversion? (Where contract cost are recouped by the PTO, not directly by the ISO.)
 - No when local need is considered first
 - Yes when hybrid allocation is used
 - Yes when system need is considered first
- ISO does not agree with stakeholders suggesting that only new RMR contracts should be subject to the "new" type of designation like "hybrid" or "system first" because:
 - Discriminatory treatment based on the original designation
 - Not reflecting the current reliability needs of the system
 - Evaluation of reliability need is done every year for every existing RMR unit
 - Ignoring new reliability needs for some but not all of the RMR resources will result in an unfair cost and RA credit allocation



Example of cost allocation if the allocation is maintained as originally designated in the first year of need:

	Year 1		Cost alloc.	Year 2		Cost alloc.	Year 3		Cost alloc.
Reliability need	Local	System		Local	System		Local	System	
Unit A	Yes	No	Local	Yes	Yes	Local	No	Yes	Local
Unit B	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Hybrid	No	Yes	Hybrid
Unit C	-	-	-	No	Yes	System	Yes	No	System
Unit D	-	-	-	No	Yes	System	Yes	Yes	System



Example of cost allocation if the allocation is maintained as originally designated only if that need still exists:

	Year 1		Cost alloc.	Year 2		Cost alloc.	Year 3		Cost alloc.
Reliability need	Local	System		Local	System		Local	System	
Unit A	Yes	No	Local	Yes	Yes	Local	No	Yes	System
Unit B	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	Hybrid	No	Yes	System
Unit C	-	-	-	No	Yes	System	Yes	No	Local
Unit D	-	-	-	No	Yes	System	Yes	Yes	System



Other issues (cont):

- Expected mitigation time in order to eliminate the need:
 - Local usually long 5-10+ years
 - Hybrid expected short 2-3 years
 - System expected short 2-3 years
- ISO implementation cost and timelines:
 - Local first quick implementation and low cost
 - Hybrid long implementation time and high cost
 - System first quick implementation and low cost
- Timing and complexity of hybrid allocation:
 - Appropriate split between local and system needs is complex.
 (examples are: split 50/50, split based on the number of mandatory standards, split based on number of contingencies, split based on expected number of hours of local need vs. system need)
 - Require further stakeholder discussion, input and justification
 - Due to software changes most likely implementation is 2024



Straw Proposal:

 The ISO proposes that local be considered the primary reliability need and that cost and RA credits follow the same principle.

Reasons:

- This type of designation is consistent with cost-causation principle
- It is the only alternative that allows all paying LSEs to fully utilize their
 RMR provided RA credits including the most valuable, the local RA credits
- Provides the highest level of incentives to the PTO in building new local transmission in order to eliminate the local need
- Provides the highest level of incentives to LSEs in order to procure this resource under an RA contract
- It is the only alternative that does not require the conversion of the legacy
 RMR contract for Oakland into the new type of RMR contract
- It is simple
- Can be implemented by the ISO quickly and at low cost



Process in order to allow resource re-power:

- The existing resource or its replacement must be available at the time of the expected reliability need.
- The ISO is working directly with resource owners to allow repowers in stages or under seasons (parts of the year) when reliability of the grid is not in jeopardy from either a local or a system need.
- The ISO may codify its existing process in the appropriate BPMs after further evaluation.
- The ISO does not consider that significant changes are necessary or required.





Open discussion

Initiative Schedule

- Post issue paper August 10
- Stakeholder call August 17 comments by August 31
- Post straw proposal September 22
- Stakeholder meeting Sept. 29 comments by Oct. 13
- Post draft final proposal November 2
- Stakeholder call Nov. 9 comments by November 23
- Board of Governors Meeting December 2021
- FERC filling after Board approval Exact date TBD



Next Steps

- Comments due by end of day October 13, 2021
- Submit comments using the template provided on the initiative webpage located here: https://stakeholdercenter.caiso.com/StakeholderInitatives/Clarifications-to-reliability-must-rundesignation-process

Thank you for your participation.





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- This forum will include discussion with industry leaders, including utility representatives, policymakers, and stakeholders across the west who will share their perspectives on key concepts and principles critical to the development of an extended day-ahead market framework.
- Visit Extended Day-Ahead Market Forum webpage on ISO's website here to access registration link, agenda and other event details. Registration is requested by October 12, 2021.
- Questions? Send to <u>ISOStakeholderAffairs@caiso.com</u>

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